

Solid Mechanics-II

Code: CE 604

Case Study

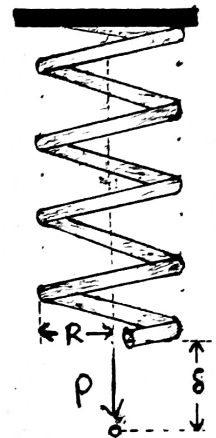
Answer to the Question No-02

Solution: Given, $n = 20$ turns $P = 500$ lb

$d = 1.0$ in $R = 4$ in

$G = 6 \times 10^6$ psi $m = \frac{2R}{d} = \frac{2 \times 4}{1} = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{\max} &= \frac{16PR}{\pi d^3} \left(\frac{4m-1}{4m-4} + \frac{0.615}{m} \right) \\ &= \frac{16 \times 500 \times 4}{\pi \times 1^3} \left(\frac{4 \times 8 - 1}{4 \times 8 - 4} + \frac{0.615}{8} \right) \\ &= 12060.31 \text{ psi (Answer)} \end{aligned}$$



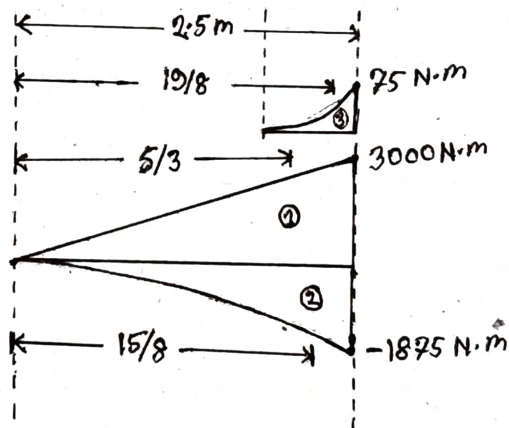
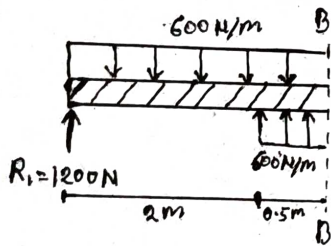
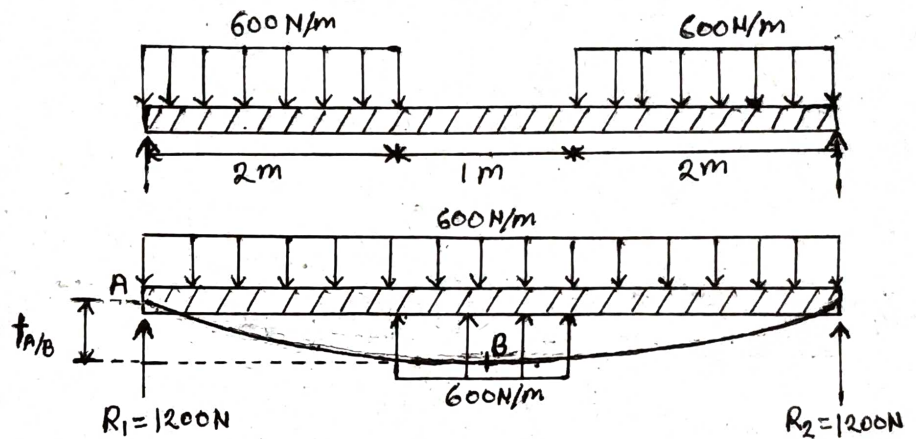
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Elongation } \delta &= \frac{64PR^3n}{Gd^4} = \frac{64 \times 500 \times 4^3 \times 20}{6 \times 10^6 \times 1^4} \\ &= 6.827 \text{ in (Answer)} \end{aligned}$$

Answer to the question NO-02

Solution: Compute the midspan value of EIS for the beam shown below:

By Symmetry:

$$R_1 = R_2 = \frac{600 \times 9}{2} = 1200 \text{ N}$$



$$t_{A/B} = \frac{1}{EI} (A_1 \bar{x}_1 + A_2 \bar{x}_2 + A_3 \bar{x}_3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 2.5 \times 3000 \times \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \times 2.5 \times (-1875) \times \left(\frac{15}{8}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \times 0.5 \times 75 \times \left(\frac{19}{8}\right) \right)$$

$$\therefore t_{A/B} = \frac{1}{EI} (3350) = \frac{3350}{EI}$$

From the figure,

$$\delta_{\text{midspan}} = t_{A/B}$$

Thus,

$$EI \delta_{\text{midspan}} = 3350 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^3 \text{ (Answer)}$$

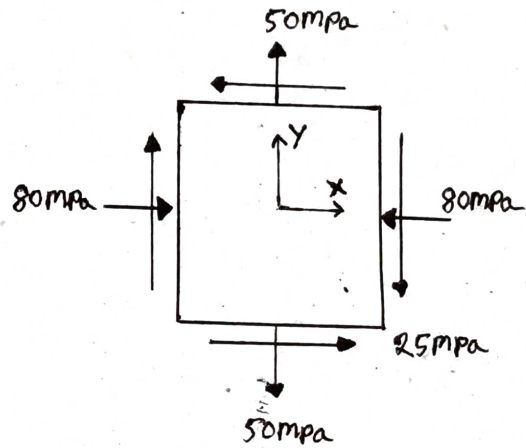
Answer to the Question NO-03

Solution: Finding the stresses on an element inclined at 30° clockwise:

Define the stresses in terms of the established sign convention:

$$\sigma_x = -80 \text{ mpa} \quad \sigma_y = 50 \text{ mpa}$$

$$T_{xy} = -25 \text{ mpa} \quad \theta = -30^\circ \text{ (cw)}$$



Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{x'} &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta + T_{xy} \sin 2\theta \\ &= \frac{-80 + 50}{2} + \frac{-80 - 50}{2} \cos 2(-30) + (-25) \sin 2(-30) = -25.85 \text{ mpa} \quad (\text{Ans}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{y'} &= \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \cos 2\theta - T_{xy} \sin 2\theta \\ &= \frac{-80 + 50}{2} - \frac{-80 - 50}{2} \cos 2(-30) - (-25) \sin 2(-30) = -4.15 \text{ mpa} \quad (\text{Ans}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{x'y'} &= -\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \sin 2\theta + T_{xy} \cos 2\theta \\ &= -\frac{-80 - 50}{2} \sin 2(-30) + (-25) \cos 2(-30) = -68.70 \text{ mpa} \quad (\text{Ans}) \end{aligned}$$

