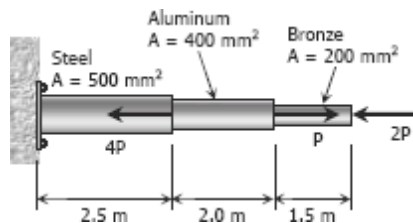


Term Paper
Course : Solid Mechanics I
Course Code: CE 502

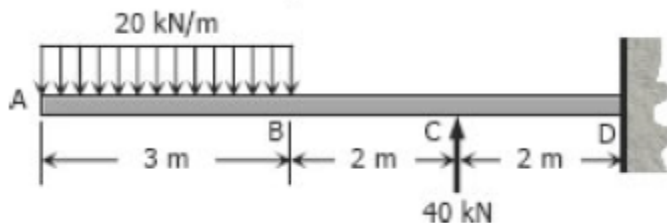
1. a) What is stress and strain? Discuss the stress-strain curve for mild steel. **5**

b) An aluminum rod is rigidly attached between a steel rod and a bronze rod as shown in Fig. P-108. Axial loads are applied at the positions indicated. Find the maximum value of P that will not exceed a stress in steel of 140 MPa, in aluminum of 90 MPa, or in bronze of 100 MPa. **5**



2.a) Discuss different types of loading. **3**

b) Cantilever beam loaded as shown in Fig. Draw SFD and BMD. **7**



3. a) : A simply supported rectangular beam, 2 in wide by 4 in deep, carries a uniformly distributed load of 80 lb/ft over its entire length. What is the maximum length of the beam if the flexural stress is limited to 3000 psi? **5**

b) A beam made by bolting two C10 × 30 channels back to back, is simply supported at its ends. The beam supports a central concentrated load of 12 kips and a uniformly distributed load of 1200 lb/ft, including the weight of the beam. Compute the maximum length of the beam if the flexural stress is not to exceed 20 ksi. **5**

Designation C10 × 30

S

20.7 in³

4. a) Two plates of 7 mm thickness are connected by a double riveted lap joint of zigzag pattern. Calculate rivet diameter, rivet pitch and distance between rows of rivets for the joint. Assume $\sigma_t = 90 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_s = 60 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_c = 120 \text{ MPa}$. **5**

b) A plate 50 mm wide and 12.5 mm thick is to be welded to another plate by means of parallel fillet welds. The plates are subjected to a load of 50 kN. Find the length of the weld. Assume allowable shear strength to be 56 MPa. **5**